Purston Infant School – Progression in Music								
	Three and Four-Year Olds	Reception	ELG	Area	Year 1	Year 2		
Communication & Language	Sing a large repertoire of songs	Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Learn rhymes, poems and songs		Singing	Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes from memory, singing collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple visual directions and counting in. Begin with simple songs with a very small range, mi-so and then slightly wider. Sing a wide range of call and response songs, control vocal pitch and match pitch with accuracy.	Sing songs regularly with a pitch range of do-so with increasing vocal control. Sing songs with a small pitch range, pitching accurately. Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow) and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) visual symbols (e.g. crescendo, decrescendo, and pause).		
Physical Development	Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks	Combine different movements with ease and fluency		Listening	Teachers should develop pupils' shared knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Listening to recorded performances should be complemented by opportunities to experience live music making in and outof school.	Teachers should develop pupils' shared knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Listening to recorded performances should be complemented by opportunities to experience live music making in and out of school.		
Expressive Arts & Design	Listen with increased attention to sounds Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match') Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups	Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs Perform songs, rhymes and stories with others and (when appropriate), try to move in time with the music	Composing	Improvise simple vocal chants, using question and answer phrases. Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to stimuli. Combine sounds to make a story, choosing and playing instruments or sound-makers. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. Invent, retain and recall rhythm and pitch patterns and perform these for others, taking turns. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.	Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus. Work with a partner to improvise simple question and answer phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation. Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.		

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		Walk, move or clap a steady beat with	Understand that the speed of the beat can change,
		others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.	creating a faster or slower pace (tempo).
		as the tempo of the music changes.	Mark the beat of a listening piece by tapping or
	Musicianship – Pulse/Beat	Use body percussion, (e.g. clapping,	clapping and recognising tempo as well as changes in
	ğ	tapping, walking) and classroom	tempo.
	se/	percussion (shakers, sticks and blocks,	tempo.
	ਤੁੰ	etc.), playing repeated rhythm patterns	Walk in time to the beat of a piece of music or song.
	<u> </u>	(ostinati) and short, pitched patterns on	Know the difference between left and right to
	Ġ	tuned instruments (e.g. glockenspiels or	support coordination and shared movement with
	<u>;</u>	chime bars) to maintain a steady beat.	others.
	Ë	chime bars/ to maintain a steady beat.	others.
	: <u>5</u>	Respond to the pulse in recorded/live	Begin to group beats in twos and threes by tapping
	ns	music through movement and dance	knees on the first (strongest) beat and clapping the
	Σ		remaining beats.
			Identify the beat groupings in familiar music that they
			sing regularly and listen to.
		Perform short copycat rhythm patterns	Play copycat rhythms, copying a leader, and invent
	Ε	accurately, led by the teacher.	rhythms for others to copy on untuned percussion.
	– Rhythm	,	
	Ę	Perform short repeating rhythm	Create rhythms using word phrases as a starting
	<u> </u>	patterns (ostinati) while keeping in time	point.
	<u>. a</u>	with a steady beat.	
	sh		Read and respond to chanted rhythm patterns, and
	au	Perform word-pattern chants; create,	represent them with stick notation including
	<u>:</u>	retain and perform their own rhythm	crotchets, quavers and crotchets rests.
	Musicianship	patterns	
	Σ		Create and perform their own chanted rhythm
			patterns with the same stick notation.
		Listen to sounds in the local school	Play a range of singing games based on the cuckoo
		environment, comparing high and low	interval matching voices accurately, supported by a
	- Pitch	sounds.	leader playing the melody.
	E	Cia - f-a-ilian ia b -+b lavo la la	
	-	Sing familiar songs in both low and high voices and talk about the difference in	Sing short phrases independently within a singing
	Musicianship	sound.	game or short song.
	ns	Souriu.	Respond independently to pitch changes heard in
	ci a	Explore percussion sounds to enhance	short melodic phrases, indicating with actions.
	isi	storytelling.	short melouic pili ases, mulcating with actions.
	ž	storytening.	Recognise dot notation and match it to 3-note tunes
		Follow pictures and symbols to guide	played on tuned percussion.
		singing and playing.	piayea on tunea percussion.
		and highlig.	