PROGRESSION IN SCIENCE		
Date	Review Date	Subject Leader
November 2019	August 2020	Beth Eades

This document aims to give guidance on the progression of Science knowledge and skills across the year groups.

	UFS	Year 1	Year 2
Animals	Understanding the world: Early	What are the five senses and how do we	Identify that animals, including
including	Learning Goal:	use these to find out about the world	humans, have offspring which
Humans	They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things	Explain their ideas as responses to an issue.	grow into adults.
	occur, and talk about changes.		How do humans keep healthy?
		Identify and name common animals. (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and	(exercise, food, hygiene)
		mammals)	What are the basic needs for survival? (water, food, air)
		Identify and name common animals	
		(carnivores, herbivores and omnivores)	
		Describe and compare the structure of common animals.	
Vocabulary		Fish, Reptiles, Mammals, Birds, Amphibians (examples of each)	Survival, Water, Air, Food, Adult, Baby, Offspring, Kitten,
		Herbivore, Omnivore, Carnivore, Leg, Arm, Elbow, Head, Ear, Nose, Back,	Calf, Puppy, Exercise, Hygiene
		Wings, Beak	
Living things	Understanding the		Compare the differences
and their habitats	World: Early Learning Goal:		between dead, and things that have never been alive.

	They Talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another.		How do different habitats provide the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants? How do they depend on each other? How do animals obtain their food from plants and other animals?
Vocabulary			Habitats, micro habitat, dead, alive, environment, seashore, woodland, ocean, rainforest, foodchain
Plants	Understanding the World: Early Learning Goal: They make observations of plants and	Can you name the parts of a flowering plant and trees?	How do seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants?
	explain why some things occur, and talk about changes.	What do plants need to grow well?	Find out and describe how plants need water, light and
		What plants can you find by our school?	suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.
		Can you identify and name common wild	
		and garden plants (deciduous and evergreen trees)	

Vocabulary		Deciduous, Evergreen trees, Leaves,	Seeds, Bulbs, Water, Light,
		Flowers (blossom), Petals, Fruit, Roots,	Temperature, Growth
		Bulb, Seed, Trunk, Branches, Stem	·
Seasonal	Understanding the	Observe changes across the four	
Changes	World: Early Learning Goal:	seasons.	
	They make observations of plants and		
	explain why some things occur, and talk		
	about changes.	associated with the seasons.	
		Observe and describe how the day	
		length varies based on the season.	
Vocabulary		Summer, Spring, Autumn, Winter, Sun,	
		Day, Moon, Night, Light, Dark	
Materials	Understanding the	Distinguish between an object and the	Identify and compare the
	World: Early Learning Goal:	material from which it is made.	suitability of a variety of
	The world Children know about		everyday materials including
	similarities and differences in relation	Identify and name a variety of everyday	wood, metal, plastic, glass,
	to places, objects, materials and living things.	materials including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock.	brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.
	mings.	meral, water and rock.	caraboara for particular ases.
		To describe the simple physical	Find out how the shapes of
		properties of a variety of everyday	solid objects made from some
		Materials.	materials can be changed by
			squashing, bending, twisting
		Compare and group together a variety of	, , ,
		everyday materials based on their	
		simple properties.	

Vocabulary	Wood, Pla	astic, Glass, Paper, Water,	Hard, Soft, Stretchy, Stiff,
	metal, Roci	k, Hard, Soft, Bendy, Rough,	Shiny, Dull, Rough, Smooth,
		Smooth	Bendy, Waterproof,
			Absorbent, Opaque,
			Transparent Brick, Paper,
			Fabrics, Squashing, Bending,
			Twisting, Stretching Elastic,
			Foil

		SCIENCE SKILLS WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY	
	UFS	Year 1	Year 2
Answering and	Following	Use everyday language/begin to use	Suggest ideas, ask simple questions and know
answering	Development	simple scientific words to ask or answer a	that they can be answered/investigated in
questions	Matters	scientific question.	different ways including simple secondary
			sources such as books/video clips
Investigating		Follow instructions to complete a simple	Do things in the correct order when performing
		test individually or in a group	a simple test and begin to recognise when
			something is unfair
Observing		Observe objects materials and living	Observe something closely and describe
		things and describe what they see	changes over time.
Equipment and		Use simple, non- standard measurements	Use simple equipment such as hand lenses or
measuring		in a practical task	egg timer to take measurements, make
			observations and carry out simple tests

Identifying and classifying	Sort and group objects, materials and living things with help, according to simple	
	observational features	and beginning to see patterns
Recording and	Talk about their findings and explain wha	Gather data, record and talk about their
reporting on	they have found out	findings in a range of ways using simple
findings		scientific vocabulary
Analysing data	Use every day or simple scientific	Identify simple patterns and/or relationships
	language to ask and or answer a question	using simple comparative language
	on given data	
Drawing	Explain with help what they think they	Use simple scientific language to explain what
conclusions	have found out	they have found out